### OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL 1 2STATE OF NEVADA 3 In the matter of: OAG FILE NO.: 13897-385 CANYON GENERAL IMPROVEMENT 4 FINDINGS OF FACT AND DISTRICT 5 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW 6 7 8 BACKGROUND 9 Jennifer Agnew filed a complaint with the Office of the Attorney General ("OAG") 10 alleging violations of the Nevada Open Meeting Law ("OML") by the Canyon General 11 Improvement District ("CGID"), alleging that the CGID violated the OML as follows: 12 **ALLEGATION NO. 1:** The CGID failed to provide copies of supplemental meeting 13 materials when requested by members of the public. 14 **ALLEGATION NO. 2:** The CGID paraphrased and purposefully left out parts of 15 written remarks by members of the public during its September 15, 2020, meeting 16 and failed to include the written remarks as part of the minutes and/or official record 17 despite being requested. 18 **ALLEGATION NO. 3:** A quorum of the CGID gathered together without providing 19 proper notice of a meeting on several occasions. 20 **ALLEGATION NO. 4:** The CGID failed to post its agendas and notices of meetings 21 in three separate physical locations. 22 The OAG has statutory enforcement powers under the OML and the authority to 23 investigate and prosecute violations of the OML. NRS 241.037; NRS 241.039; NRS 24 241.040. The OAG's investigation of the Complaint included a review of the following: 25 1. The Complaint and its attachments, 26 2. The response filed on behalf of the CGID and its attachments, and 27 3. Prior OML decisions, case law, and portions of the Nevada Revised Statutes 28 relevant to the Complaint.

After investigating the Complaint, the OAG determines that the CGID violated the OML by failing to include in the record of the meeting a copy of the prepared remarks submitted by a public commenter after being requested to do so. The OAG does not find violations of the OML with respect to the other allegations.

### FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The CGID was established in 1993 by Storey County pursuant to the authority enumerated in Chapter 318 of the Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS"). It is a "public body" as defined in NRS 241.015(4) and subject to the OML.
- 2. The 2020 CGID Board of Trustees was comprised of five members, namely Chairman Larry Huddleston, Secretary Phillip Hilton, Treasurer Dave Hart, Member Don Barnes, and Lockwood Community Corporation Member Don Harold.
- 3. Complainant alleges that three CGID Board members, namely Mr. Hilton, Mr. Huddleston, and Mr. Hart, constituting a quorum of the CGID, met on July 28, August 25, August 27, September 22, and October 10, 2020, without providing notice of a public meeting.<sup>1</sup>
- 4. Complainant further alleges that on September 15, 2020, she personally went to the CGID office to request a copy of an agreement related to an agenda item on the CGID's agenda for its September 15 meeting pertaining to patrol partnership with Rainbow Bend HOA. Ms. Agnew asserts she was told by CGID Manager Mitch Andreini that there was no written draft available and that he did not have a copy to distribute to CGID Board members.
  - 5. The CGID held a meeting on September 15, 2020.
  - 6. The public notice agenda for the September 15 meeting provided the following:

NOTICE: This notice is posted per NRS 241 at the Largomarsino Fire Station, Rainbow Bend Clubhouse, Lockwood Community Corp. Office, Lockwood

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Complainant included additional gatherings in her Complaint, but those gatherings are alleged to have occurred more than 120 days prior to the filing of the Complaint. The OAG will refrain from opining on gatherings on these dates as the facts as alleged in the Complaint indicate the gatherings were discoverable at the time they occurred. NRS 241.039(2).

Market and Hillside Elem. School. Copies are also available at the CGID office at 800 Peri Ranch Rd.

- 7. Agenda Item No. 13 of the CGID's September 15 CGID meeting was noticed as "Discussion/Action Vote on Patrol partnership with Rainbow Bend HOA."
- 8. During discussion of Agenda Item No. 13 of the September 15 meeting, the CGID voted to approve a patrol partnership with the Rainbow Bend Homeowners Association ("RBHOA") for an amount not to exceed \$1,000.00 per month.
- 9. Agenda Item No. 14 of the CGID's September 15 meeting was noticed as "Discussion/Action Correspondence written to Board Members."
- 10. Complainant alleges that during the meeting when Agenda Item No. 14 was called, Chairman Huddleston read aloud written remarks but that the remarks were paraphrased and/or portions of the remarks were left out.
- 11. Complainant further alleges that Member Hilton discussed excluding the written remarks as part of the record and that the CGID decided not to include them, despite insistence from the member of the public who submitted the remarks to include the same.
- 12. Agenda Item No. 16 of the CGID's September 15 meeting was noticed as "Public Comments (These comments have a three-minute time limit per person.)"
- 13. After the meeting, Complainant sent an e-mail to the CGID requesting a copy of the audio minutes from the September 15 meeting, as well as a copy of the RBHOA Patrol agreement and legal agreement that the CGID obtained regarding the patrol agreement.
- 14. On September 17, 2020, the CGID responded to Complainant's request indicating that it was working on getting the meeting audio and that Complainant would receive a letter for her requests from the CGID Board.
- 15. On September 18, 2020, the CGID sent a letter to Complainant in response to her request. The letter indicated that the patrol partnership between the RBHOA referenced on Agenda Item No. 13 was approved by the CGID Board and that the partnership would utilize the last Patrol contract that was in place between the parties

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until July 31, 2019. Attached to the letter were a copy of the audio recording of the September 15 meeting and the previous Patrol agreement.

- 16. Complainant further asserts that on several occasions, Mr. Huddleston, Mr. Hilton, and Mr. Hart gathered together without proper notice of a meeting, including the August 27, 2020 Open-Air Town Hall Meeting and a Campaign Event held on October 10, 2020.
- 17. Complainant also asserts that the CGID agendas have not been posted in three separate locations.

### LEGAL STANDARDS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The CGID did not violate the OML where it failed to provide a copy of the patrol agreement discussed at the September 15, 2020 meeting.

Under the OML, a public body must provide, upon request, a copy of supporting materials that are provided to members of the public body for an item on the agenda, save for materials pertaining to a closed portion of the meeting or materials that are confidential. NRS 241.020(7)(c). Such materials must be made available to the requester at the time the material is provided to the members of the public body. NRS 241.020(8).

In this case, neither the CGID nor Complainant dispute that Complainant requested a copy of the patrol agreement that she believed was to be discussed during the September 15 meeting. In fact, Complainant submitted a signed letter indicating that on September 15, 2020, she went to the CGID office, spoke with Mitch Andreini, and requested a copy of the patrol partnership agreement with the RBHOA. According to Complainant, Mr. Andreini informed her that he did not have any draft of the agreement and that no agreement had been included in the Board packets. In its response to the Complaint, the CGID confirms that it did not provide her a copy of the agreement because it did not exist at the time of the meeting. The CGID asserts that while the previous RBHOA contract for patrol services was mentioned during the meeting, a copy of that contract was not provided

to the Board and no document existed at the time of the meeting that reflected the terms voted on by the CGID at the September 15 meeting.

Since no document existed prior to the September 15 meeting nor was a document provided to the Board members prior to the meeting, it follows that a request for the same could not be fulfilled. As such, the OAG finds no violation of NRS 241.020(7).

2. The CGID violated the OML where failed to include a copy of a public commenter's prepared remarks as part of the minutes and/or official record despite being requested to do so.

The OML requires that each public body keep written minutes of its meetings, which must include the details of the meeting and what was discussed. NRS 241.035. Particularly, with respect to public comment, the minutes must include:

The substance of remarks made by any member of the general public who addresses the public body if the member of the general public requests that the minutes reflect those remarks or, if the member of the general public has prepared written remarks, a copy of the remarks if the member of the general public submits a copy for inclusion.

NRS 241.035(1)(d) (emphasis supplied). This right to inclusion of remarks does not extend to any documents or other information that a public commenter may desire to be included in the record. Nevada Open Meeting Law Opinion ("OMLO") 13897-297 (Nov. 20, 2018).

Here, prior to its September 15 meeting, the CGID received an e-mail with comments from Louise Pena. There is no dispute that CGID member Huddleston paraphrased portions of Ms. Pena's correspondence during discussion of Agenda Item No. 14 (Correspondence written to Board Members). While Mr. Huddleston was reading the correspondence, CGID Chair Hilton interjected and questioned whether the subject of the correspondence was affected by the CGID, as he believed Ms. Pena was objecting to action taken by the RBHOA rather than the CGID. The CGID, through its counsel, assert that Mr. Huddleston continued reading the balance of the letter and confirmed paraphrasing portions of it. Upon conclusion, Mr. Hilton objected to having the letter submitted into the

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CGID records because Ms. Pena was not asserting any objection to any action taken by the CGID but rather to action taken by the RBHOA.

The minutes of the September 15 meeting reflect the following:

ITEM #14: <u>Correspondence written to Board Members.</u> One letter was received from Rainbow Bend resident Ms. Pena concerning the Rainbow Bend Patrol Contract. She is concerned that the Patrol Contract between the CGID and Rainbow Bend HOA is not legal. She also does not want any more expense or liability insurance cost for implementing the agreement. She believes that the Storey County Sheriff should do the patrols of the neighborhood. Mr. Hart mentioned to keep a record of the letter in our records.

As reflected in the September 15 meeting minutes, Ms. Pena made public comments, which were summarized in the minutes as follows:

ITEM #16: <u>Public Comments:</u> Rainbow Bend resident Ms. Pena did not like the comments about the letter concerning Rainbow Bend Patrol she sent to the CGID Board of Directors from Mr. Hilton. She also stated that the Rainbow Bend Patrol Contract with the CGID is not legal. Rainbow Bend resident Ms. Agnew Asked [sic] for a draft of the Patrol Contract with the CGID. She also asked if the Storey County District Attorney has reviewed the Patrol Contract with the CGID.

It also appears from the transcript prepared and provided by Complainant, which was reviewed and not disputed by the CGID's counsel,<sup>2</sup> that during her public comment, Ms. Pena requested the letter to be attached to the minutes of the September 15 meeting.

NRS 241.035(1)(d) makes clear that a public body's written meeting minutes must include a copy of an individual's prepared remarks if an individual prepared written remarks and submits a copy of the same for inclusion. OMLO 13897-235 (Oct. 23, 2017) ("[T]he OML does not require a public body to include information into its minutes, at the request of a member of the public, unless the information is the public comment remarks of the member of the public."); OMLO 13897-263 (Jun. 26, 2018) (finding no violation for the public body's failure to include written remarks in their minutes where the commenter did not request that they be included); OMLO 2008-03 (Jun. 9, 2008) ("NRS 241.035(1) does

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In its response, the CGID's counsel acknowledged review of Complainant's self-prepared transcript, agreed with other portions of the transcript and did not dispute any part of it. The CGID chose not to submit a copy of the recording of the meeting for the OAG's review.

 require the public body to append prepared written remarks by a member of the public to minutes if requested....").

The CGID argues that Ms. Pena's remarks were directed at an action of the RBHOA and not the CGID, thus not appropriate for inclusion in the record of the September 15 meeting. The OAG does not find this persuasive. Ms. Pena's comments directly related to an action item on the CGID's September 15 agenda—the approval of the RBHOA patrol partnership. The fact that her comments may have included information related to actions by another entity, does not make the entirety of her comments irrelevant. The purpose of the OML's public comment requirements is to allow the general public to be heard regarding matters within a public body's jurisdiction and control. See NRS 241.020(3)(d)(3).

While the CGID included the substance of Ms. Pena's remarks in its meeting minutes, Ms. Pena specifically requested that the written comments she submitted be included in the record. The CGID should have complied with the request and should have attached the same to the minutes of their September 15 meeting. Their failure to do so resulted in a technical violation of the OML.

# 3. The CGID did not violate the OML where a quorum of its members gathered together without providing notice.

The OML defines a "meeting" to include "[t]he gathering of members of a public body at which a quorum is present . . . to deliberate toward a decision or to take action on any matter over which the public body has supervision, control, jurisdiction or advisory power." NRS 241.015(3)(a)(1). In turn, the OML defines the term "deliberate" as "collectively to examine, weigh and reflect upon the reasons for or against the action. The term includes without limitation, the collective discussion or exchange of facts preliminary to the ultimate decision." NRS 241.015(2).

The OML specifically excludes from the definition of a "meeting" gatherings of members of a public body which occur at social functions if the members do not deliberate or take action on any matter over which the public body has supervision, control,

<sup>3</sup> The OML was amended in 2021 to remove the three separate prominent locations requirement. Nevada Assembly Bill 253, 81st Legislative Session (2021).

jurisdiction, or advisory power. NRS 241.015(3)(b)(1). The definition of a "meeting" also excludes gatherings of members of a public body to receive information from the public body's attorney regarding potential or existing litigation or to receive training regarding the legal obligations of the public body. NRS 241.015(3)(b)(2)-(3).

The Complaint asserts that a quorum of the CGID consisting of Mr. Huddleston, Mr. Hilton, and Mr. Hart gathered together on several occasions without proper notice of the meetings. Specifically, the Complaint proffers that these individuals gathered on July 28, August 25, and September 22, 2020 for RBHOA meetings, where Mr. Huddleston serves on the Board, Mr. Hart operates the camera, and Mr. Hilton attends. The Complaint further states that these three individuals attended the Storey County Open-Air Town Hall Meeting on August 27, 2020 as well as a Meet & Greet event on October 10, 2020.

In reviewing the evidence provided, the OAG finds that while a quorum of the CGID was present at these events, there was insufficient evidence to show that the quorum gathered and deliberated or to took action on any matter over which the CGID has supervision, control, jurisdiction or advisory power. Accordingly, the OAG does not find a violation of the OML has occurred.

4. The CGID did not violate the OML where it failed to post its agendas and notices of meetings in three separate physical locations.

Pursuant to the OML, a public body was required to post a copy of the notice of a meeting at its principal office or if there is no principal office, at the building in which the meeting is to be held and at least three other separate prominent places within the jurisdiction of the public body. NRS 241.020(4)(a).<sup>3</sup> On March 22, 2020, Nevada Governor Steve Sisolak issued Emergency Directive 006, which among other things, suspended the requirements contained NRS 241.020(4)(a) that public notice agendas be posted at physical locations. Nevertheless, Emergency Directive 006 still required public bodies to comply

with the requirements in NRS 241.020(4)(b) and NRS 241.020(4)(c) that public notice agendas be posted to Nevada's notice website and the public body's website, if it maintains one.

At the onset, the CGID puts forth that NRS 241.020 was written in the disjunctive and that proper notice of a meeting under the OML was satisfied in one of two ways, either: (1) posting at the principal office of the public body; or (2) if there is no principal office, then at the building where the meeting is to be held and at not less than three other separate, prominent places within the jurisdiction of the public body. Thus, the CGID asserts that the requirement to post notice in at least three other separate prominent places within the jurisdiction only applied if the public body does not have a principal office. The OAG takes this opportunity to reiterate that generally, NRS 241.020 required notice to be posted in at least four places at least three working days prior to the meeting. See Nevada Open Meeting Law Manual, § 5.03 Posting the Notice, 12th ed. (January 2016, updated March 26, 2019).

Here, the instant Complaint asserts that the CGID agendas have not been posted in three other separate locations as required under the OML. The CGID asserts that it has posted notices of its meetings in at least six locations, namely: (1) its principal public office; (2) the Largomarsino Fire Station; (3) the Rainbow Bend Clubhouse; (4) the Lockwood Community Corp. Office; (5) the Lockwood Market; and (6) the Hillside Elementary Schools. In fact, the Agenda for the September 15, 2020 CGID meeting provides the following notice:

NOTICE: This notice is posted per NRS 241 at the Largomarsino Fire Station, Rainbow Bend Clubhouse, Lockwood Community Corp. Office, Lockwood Market and Hillside Elem. School. Copies are also available at the CGID office at 800 Peri Ranch Rd.

Given the foregoing, the OAG finds insufficient evidence to support an OML violation.

#### SUMMARY

Upon investigating the present Complaint, the OAG makes findings of fact and conclusions of law that the Canyon General Improvement District violated the OML by failing to include a copy of prepared written remarks into the record after being requested to do so by a member of the general public in attendance at the meeting.

If the Attorney General investigates a potential OML violation and makes findings of fact and conclusions of law that a public body has taken action in violation of the OML, "the public body must include an item on the next agenda posted for a meeting of the public body which acknowledges the findings of fact and conclusions of law." NRS 241.0395. The public body must treat the opinion of the Attorney General as supporting material for the agenda item(s) in question for the purpose of NRS 241.020. *Id.* Accordingly, the CGID must place an item on its next meeting agenda in which it acknowledges the present Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law ("Opinion") resulting from the OAG's investigation in this matter. The CGID must also include the OAG Opinion in the supporting materials for its next meeting.

Dated: June 23, 2023.

AARON FORD Attorney General

By: <u>/s/Rosalie Bordelove</u>
Rosalie Bordelove
Chief Deputy Attorney General